Allan Gray Balanced Fund



Fund managers: Ian Liddle, Duncan Artus, Andrew Lapping, Simon Raubenheimer (Most foreign assets are invested in Orbis funds)

Associate fund Ruan Stander, Jacques Plaut managers: Inception date: 1 October 1999

Class:

Fund description

The Fund invests in a mix of shares, bonds, property, commodities and cash. The Fund may buy foreign assets up to a maximum of 25% of the Fund (with an additional 5% for African ex-SA investments). The Fund typically invests the bulk of its foreign allowance in a mix of funds managed by Orbis Investment Management Limited, our offshore investment partner. The maximum net equity exposure of the Fund is 75% and we may use exchange-traded derivative contracts on stock market indices to reduce net equity exposure from time to time. The Fund is managed to comply with the investment limits governing retirement funds. Returns are likely to be less volatile than those of an equity-only fund.

ASISA unit trust category: South African - Multi Asset - High Equity

Fund objective and benchmark

The Fund aims to create long-term wealth for investors within the constraints governing retirement funds. It aims to outperform the average return of similar funds without assuming any more risk. The Fund's benchmark is the market value-weighted average return of funds in the South African – Multi Asset – High Equity category (excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund).

How we aim to achieve the Fund's objective

We seek to buy shares at a discount to their intrinsic value. We thoroughly research companies to assess their intrinsic value from a long-term perspective. This long-term perspective enables us to buy shares which are shunned by the stock market because of their unexciting or poor short-term prospects, but which are relatively attractively priced if one looks to the long term. If the stock market offers few attractive shares we may increase the Fund's weighting to alternative assets such as bonds, property, commodities and cash, or we may partially hedge the Fund's stock market exposure. By varying the Fund's exposure to these different asset classes over time, we seek to enhance the Fund's long-term returns and to manage its risk. The Fund's bond and money market investments are actively managed.

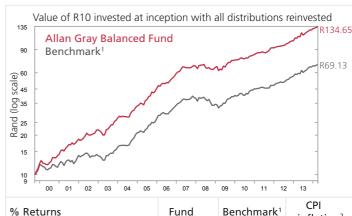
Suitable for those investors who

- Seek steady long-term capital growth
- Are comfortable with taking on some risk of market fluctuation and potential capital loss, but typically less than that of an equity fund
- Wish to invest in a unit trust that complies with retirement fund investment limits
- Typically have an investment horizon of more than three years

Fund information on 31 March 2014

Fund size: R89 425m Fund price: R83.93 Number of share holdings:

Performance net of all fees and expenses



% Returns	Fund	Benchmark ¹	CPI inflation ²	
Unannualised: Since inception	1246.5	591.3	127.8	
Annualised:				
Since inception	19.6	14.3	5.9	
Latest 10 years	17.0	15.3	5.9	
Latest 5 years	16.1	15.7	5.4	
Latest 3 years	16.6	14.9	6.0	
Latest 2 years	19.0	17.4	5.9	
Latest 1 year	18.8	16.7	5.9	
Year-to-date (unannualised)	3.8	2.2	1.8	
Risk measures (since inception)				
Maximum drawdown ³	-15.4	-20.5	n/a	
Percentage positive months ⁴	71.3	69.5	n/a	
Annualised monthly volatility ⁵	9.4	9.7	n/a	

- The current benchmark is the market value-weighted average return of funds in the South African Multi Asset High Equity category (excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund). Since inception to 31 January 2013 the benchmark was the market value-weighted average return of the funds in both the Domestic Asset Allocation Medium Equity and Domestic Asset Allocation Variable Equity sectors of the previous ASISA Fund Classification Standard, excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund. Source: Morningstar, performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 31 March 2014.
- This is based on the latest numbers published by I-Net Bridge as at 28 February 2014.

 Maximum percentage decline over any period. The maximum drawdown occurred from 20 May 2008 to 27 October 2008 and maximum benchmark drawdown occurred from 20 May 2008 to 10 March 2009. Drawdown is calculated on the total return of the Fund/benchmark (i.e. including income). The percentage of calendar months in which the Fund produced a positive monthly return since inception. The standard deviation of the Fund's monthly return. This is a measure of how much an investment's
- return varies from its average over time

Minimum investment amounts

Minimum lump sum per investor account:	R20 000
Additional lump sum:	R500
Minimum debit order*:	R500

^{*}Only available to South African residents.

Annual management fee and total expense ratio (TER)

Allan Gray charges a fee based on the net asset value of the Fund excluding the portion invested in Orbis funds. The fee rate is calculated daily by comparing the Fund's total performance over the last two years, to that of the benchmark.

Fee for performance equal to the Fund's benchmark: 1.00% p.a. excl. VAT

For each percentage of two-year performance above or below the benchmark we add or deduct 0.1%, subject to the following limits:

Maximum fee: 1.50% p.a. excl. VAT Minimum fee: 0.50% p.a. excl. VAT

This means that Allan Gray shares in approximately 20% of annualised performance relative to the benchmark.

A portion of the Fund may be invested in Orbis funds. Orbis charges performance-based fees within these funds that are calculated based on each Orbis fund's performance relative to its own benchmark.

The annual management fees charged by both Allan Gray and Orbis are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Fund over a 12 month period. Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns (refer to page 2 for further information).

TER breakdown for the year ending 31 December 2013	%
Fees for benchmark performance	1.06
Performance fees	0.44
Other costs including trading costs	0.09
VAT	0.12
Total expense ratio	1.71

Allan Gray Balanced Fund

Fund manager quarterly commentary as at 31 March 2014

Our asset allocation decisions in the Balanced Fund are the result of a bottom-up process that entails assessing the attractiveness of the individual assets in every asset class (e.g. shares, bonds, property, commodities and cash) and combining them in a diversified portfolio. In other words, we don't look at how the FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) stacks up against the All Bond Index, but at the risk-adjusted return of every individual share versus the most attractive opportunities in alternative asset classes. In an environment where the stock market offers fewer attractive opportunities, the weighting of other assets naturally increases.

The ALSI briefly broke through its all-time high of 48 000 on the last day of the quarter. With the average company now on a price/earnings (PE) multiple of 17x, the risk is to the downside: the long-term average PE multiple is just under 12x. While we continue to find attractive shares, those are fewer and farther between or at smaller discounts to intrinsic value. Consequently, the proportion of the Fund allocated to South African equities has gradually been diminishing.

Of every R100 invested in the Fund, a net R55 is currently exposed to equities. R44 of the R55 is invested in shares that are listed in South Africa. This number is low compared to the Fund's history: since inception in October 1999, the net domestic share exposure has averaged 54%. Historically, it has only been lower than today 15% of the time.

This is one indication that we are currently more worried about the risk of capital loss from SA-listed shares than at most times in our past. But this number in isolation fails to portray a full picture of the Fund's sensitivity to stock-market fluctuations. One measure of the risk of a share in comparison to the market as a whole is called 'beta' in financial jargon. A beta of one indicates that the share moves exactly in line with the market. A beta of less than one means the share goes up less when the market goes up but also falls less when the market falls, and the opposite is true for a share with a beta of greater than one (a negative beta share moves in the opposite direction to the market).

The domestic shares in the Fund have a beta of 0.79 in aggregate, measured over the past six years. This means that if historic trends prevail, the Fund's domestic shares are less impacted by what happens on the SA stock market than the average share. This is largely due to the stability provided by shares such as BAT, Reinet, Remgro and Nampak.

Beta is a historic measure and will change over time. But we are hopeful that the shares we have picked in the Fund will outperform if market valuations fall back to their historic averages. Coupled with a conservative allocation to the various asset classes, we believe the Fund is well positioned to weather an uncertain future.

Commentary contributed by Simon Raubenheimer

Top 10 share holdings on 31 March 2014 (SA and Foreign) (updated quarterly)

Company	% of portfolio
Sasol	6.6
British American Tobacco	6.1
SABMiller	4.2
Standard Bank	3.9
Anglo American ⁶	2.0
Remgro	1.8
Reinet Investments SA	1.6
Old Mutual	1.3
Investec	1.3
Sanlam	1.1
Total	29.9

^{6.} Including Anglo American Stub Certificates

Asset allocation on 31 March 2014

Asset class	Total	SA	Foreign	Africa
Net Equity	55.5	43.7	11.0	0.8
Hedged Equity	12.5	2.5	10.0	0.0
Property	1.6	1.2	0.4	0.0
Commodities	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0
Bonds	10.0	9.6	0.2	0.1
Money Market and Bank Deposits	16.9	13.6	3.2	0.1
Total (%)	100.0	74.3	24.7	1.0

Since inception, the Fund's month-end net equity exposure has varied as follows:

Minimum	49.3% (February 2000)
Average	62.9%
Maximum	72.7% (July 2004)

Income distributions for the last 12 months

To the extent that income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds expenses in the Fund, the Fund will distribute any surplus biannually.	30 Jun 2013	31 Dec 2013
Cents per unit	63.9191	82.2722

Note: There may be slight discrepancies in the totals due to rounding.

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Disclaimer

The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index is calculated by FTSE International Limited ('FTSE') in conjunction with the JSE Limited ('JSE') in accordance with standard criteria. The FTSE/ JSE Africa Series is the proprietary information of FTSE and the JSE. All copyright subsisting in the FTSE/JSE All Share Index values and constituent lists vests in FTSE and the JSE jointly. All their rights are reserved. Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited ("the Company") is a member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA). Allan Gray Proprietary Limited, an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed investment manager of the Company. The Company is incorporated and registered under the laws of South Africa and is supervised by the Financial Services Board. The Company has been approved by the Regulatory Authority of Botswana to market its unit trusts in Botswana, however it is not supervised or licensed in Botswana.

Compliance with Regulation 28

The Fund is managed to comply with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act. Exposures in excess of the limits will be corrected immediately, except where due to a change in the fair value or characteristic of an asset, e.g market value fluctuations, in which case they will be corrected within a reasonable time period. Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited does not monitor compliance by retirement funds with section 19(4) of the Pension Funds Act (item 6 of Table 1 to Regulation 28). Unit price

Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Forward pricing is used and Fund valuations take place at approximately 16:00 each business day. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14:00 each business day to receive that day's price. Fluctuations and movements in exchange rates may also cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down

Fees

A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs.

The total expense ratio (TER) is the percentage of the Fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund's operating expenses over the past year. The TER includes the annual management fees that have been charged (both the fee at benchmark and any performance component charged), trading costs (including brokerage, STT, STRATE and insider trading levy), VAT and other expenses. Since unit trust expenses vary, the current TER cannot be used as an indication of future TERs. All Allan Gray performance figures are quoted after the deduction of costs incurred within the Fund so the TER is not a new cost. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. Instead, when investing, the investment objective of the Fund should be aligned with the investor's objective and compared against the performance of the Fund. TERs should then be used to evaluate whether the Fund performance offers value for money.

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Performance figures are from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested.